

# The Hongkong Telegraph.

WEATHER FORECAST.  
FAIR.

January 30th, 1912. Temperature a.m. 51, p.m. 52; Humidity...51, 53.

(ESTABLISHED 1851)  
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January 28th, 1912. Temperature a.m. 65, p.m. 64; Humidity...80, 84.

No. 8698

第三十式拾年三統宣

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1912.

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## TELEGRAMS.

### THE REVOLUTION.

#### GREAT BATTLE.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

London, Jan. 30, 4 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Peking telegraphs that the Imperialists are reported to have been defeated in a battle with the revolutionaries on the Tientsin Pukow railway, both sides losing heavily. A reign of terror prevails at Mukden owing to numerous murders.

#### THE ABDICATION.

Shanghai, Jan. 30.

Over 40 generals and Commanders of the Imperial army have submitted a joint memorial to the Throne praying for abdication. However, Generals Fung Kwok-cheung, Chang Wai-chi and Chang Hsun did not participate.

#### HOSTILITIES RESUMED.

H.E. Yuan Shih-kai has received a despatch from the Republican troops notifying the resumption of hostilities. Yuan has not decided in what sense to reply.

#### UNITED ACTION.

The Provisional Government in Nanking has telegraphed to the Self Government Societies in the various united provinces requiring them simultaneously to declare independence within three months.

#### THE PEKING EXPEDITION.

The Republican troops for the march upon Peking have advanced to the Chih Mank district in Shantung province.—"Shoung Po."

#### REPUBLICAN VICTORIES.

The Army Board of the new government has received telegrams from the Republican troops at the front reporting victories over the Imperialists.

#### NANKING UNIVERSITY.

The Educational Board at Nanking intends to establish a university there for professional studies.

#### NORTHERN ADVANCE.

Vice President Li Yuan-hong has received a telegram from Mr. Wu Ting-fang to the effect that General Tuan Ki-shin has expressed his intention of supporting the new government and that Li Yuan-hong should confer with General Tuan in regard to the joint march upon Peking.—"Shat Po."

#### PEKING TREASURES.

Tee Chan-tai, a Hongkong resident has despatched a telegram to President Sun Yat-sen entreating him to prevent the Manchu government from selling by auction, the old Chinese manuscripts, pictures and curios kept in the palaces of Peking, and in the Summer Palace at Peking. Mr. Tee adds in the telegram that these curios are very valuable.—"Shat Po."

#### FROM JAPANESE SOURCES.

Tokyo, Jan. 31.

The troops at Mukden are said to incline to the revolutionaries. It is understood that the position in Peking is critical.

It is reported that, after negotiation between the Manchus and the revolutionaries, a truce has been entered into at Wuchang and Hankow.

## TELEGRAMS.

### STRIKE IN PORTUGAL.

#### A GRAVE SITUATION.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

Bombay, Jan. 31, 6.30 a.m.

A general strike is taking place in Lisbon in sympathy with the agricultural strike in Evora. Despatches from Lisbon indicate that the situation is grave, but the censorship obscures the realities.

#### SOLDIERS EVERYWHERE.

The streets are practically deserted, the shops are shut, and the theatres are closed. There are soldiers everywhere.

The Council of Ministers are taking steps to prevent a bread famine. The British flag has been hoisted over the electric tramway buildings.

#### STRIKERS DISPERSED.

Troops are reinforcing the garrison. The strikers attempted to assemble, but were easily dispersed by cavalry. There have been some dynamite explosions but the details are not stated.

#### INCITING THE STRIKERS.

It is semi-officially announced that the strike in Evora has been exploited both by reactionaries and anarchists who are inciting the strikers to assassination and pillage. The authorities in consequence have been forced to the use of military in the streets.

#### TRAMS ATTACKED.

London, Jan. 30, 5.35 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Lisbon states that some business was being done in the afternoon and a few trams were running under a cavalry escort.

The strikers twice attacked the trams, but the drivers used their revolvers.

#### TROUBLE SPREADING.

A strike has broken out at Coimbra. Troops are maintaining order.—"Reuter."

#### BOMB EXPLOSION.

London, Jan. 30, 4 p.m.

Reuter's Lisbon correspondent states that an explosion of bombs occurred yesterday morning in a house where the manufacture of bombs is supposed to have been carried on. Fortunately no one was injured.

#### EQUADOR REVOLUTION.

#### VENGEFUL MOB.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

London, Jan. 30, 4.55 a.m.

A revolutionary outbreak in Equador has been crushed after a sanguinary battle. The mob at Guayaquil lynched the rebel commander, shooting, beheading and burning him. Five of the revolutionary generals were subsequently sent to Quito and imprisoned. The mob attacked the guards and, although several were killed in the volleys fired, they breached the walls of the jail and dragged out and killed the generals. The bodies were then dragged through the streets to the cemetery, where they were buried.—"Reuter."

## TELEGRAMS.

### BOMB EXPLOSION.

#### TURKS KILLED.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

London, Jan. 30, 8 p.m.

Reuter's Salonika correspondent says that a bomb explosion in Strumitza last night killed an officer and five gendarmes and wounded the Commandant of the gendarmery and seven gendarmes.—"Reuter."

#### LEPROSY CURES.

#### INTERESTING REPORT.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

London, Jan. 30, 8 p.m.

A further report on the nascent and benzoyl chlorine treatments of leprosy in British Guiana is issued.

The former appears to have little or no influence, but the latter is extremely valuable as a nasal spray or for painting ulcerating surfaces. It quickly renders the discharge free of bacilli, but subcutaneously its utility is most doubtful.—"Reuter."

#### HOME RULE.

#### BELFAST MEETING.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

London, Jan. 30, 4 p.m.

The football ground at Belfast has been chosen for Mr. Churchill's meeting as the Liberals were refused the use of no fewer than six halls. A marquee will be erected capable of accommodating five thousand, and there will be a procession of thirty thousand headed by four hundred torch-bearers and fifteen bands. The choice of locality is regarded as easing the situation but the authorities of Belfast have requisitioned troops in case of emergency.—"Reuter's."

#### SUGAR CROP.

#### UNFAVOURABLE REPORTS.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

London, Jan. 30, 4.55 a.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Havana says that the continuance of unusually warm weather is unfavourably affecting the sugar crop. The cane contains an average of ten per cent. less sugar than last year, and it is feared that the estimate of eighteen and a quarter million tons will turn out to be greatly in excess of the actual yield.

## TELEGRAMS.

### KING'S HOMECOMING.

#### AT GIBRALTAR.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

London, Jan. 30, 5.35 p.m.

Reuter's Gibraltar correspondent states that it was raining when the Medina arrived. Their Majesties were enthusiastically cheered.—"Reuter."

#### PUBLIC ENGAGEMENTS CANCELLED.

London, Jan. 30, 8 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Gibraltar states that, owing to the death of the Duke of Fife, all the King's public engagements at Gibraltar have been cancelled.

#### WARM WELCOME.

Bombay, Jan. 31, 6.30 a.m.

The Medina has arrived at Gibraltar. Salutes were fired, bells were rung, and the Spanish fleet at Algeciras saluted the Royal vessel.

#### MOORISH MISSION.

London, Jan. 30, 2.15 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Gibraltar states that a special Moorish mission has been sent by the Sultan, including the Foreign Minister and the Grand Vizier, to greet King George and Queen Mary. The Spanish squadron has also been sent.—"Reuter."

#### LATE DUKE OF FIFE.

#### SYMPATHETIC REFERENCES.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

London, Jan. 30, 3.15 p.m.

All the papers contain articles on the death of the Duke of Fife, and express sympathy with Princess Royal and Their Majesties the King and Queen, whose joyous homecoming has been shadowed. The papers pay a tribute to the character of the late Duke, remarking that he was an enlightened landlord and a staunch Imperialist. It is expected that the arrangements made to welcome Their Majesties at Portsmouth and London will be modified.—"Reuter."

#### OBITUARY.

#### LORD STANMORE.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

London, Jan. 30, 1.50 p.m.

The death is announced of Arthur Hamilton Gordon, 1st Baron Stanmore at the age of 73.

[Lord Stanmore was a son of the fourth Earl of Aberdeen. He was Governor in turn of Trinidad, Mauritius, Fiji, New Zealand, and Ceylon. He was the author of various publications.]

#### SIR DALEYMPLE HAY.

London, Jan. 30, 2.15 p.m.

The death is announced of Admiral Sir John Charles Dalrymple Hay.

[The late Admiral served for some years in the Far East, being in command of a squadron which destroyed piratical fleets in the Bay of China, in 1849, and in Tonquin River in the same year. He was Chairman of Reuter's Telegram Company, Ltd., and from 1886 to 1896 was a Lord of the Admiralty. He wrote several books, one being entitled "Piracy in the China Sea." He was ninety-one years of age.]

## TELEGRAMS.

### AMERICAN NAVY.

#### NO INCREASE.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

London, Jan. 30, 1.50 p.m.

Reuter's Washington correspondent says that the caucus of the Democrats in the House of Representatives, in pursuance of its policy of economy, has voted against any increase of the Navy during the present Session.

The result is to interrupt the programme of two battleships yearly, which was initiated under Mr. Roosevelt.—"Reuter."

#### LATE TELEGRAMS.

(From Manila Papers.)

Washington, January 25.

Commander Bartolotta, United States Navy, in command of the U. S. S. Yorktown, died of yellow fever yesterday at Guayaquil. The Yorktown has been cruising for some time in South American waters. The body will be embalmed and brought to the United States.

Washington, January 26.

The latest development in the political situation of the United States is the rapid formation of Roosevelt clubs in various parts of the country. The matter has been given special notice by the press. The opponents of the former President allege that he is in secret instigating the formation of these clubs for the purpose of furthering his alleged ambitions for the nomination of the Republican party. Note has been taken of the fact that some of the new clubs have been formed in Ohio.

William Jennings Bryan announced yesterday that Governor Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey is right in his controversy with Colonel George Harvey, editor of "Harper's Weekly" and the "North American Review." Mr. Bryan highly praises Governor Wilson for his advocacy of presidential primaries, the initiative and referendum and other progressive measures in defiance of the dictum of Colonel Harvey, his former backer and old time friend.

Three members of the United States Senate have declared their adherence to the Taft boom for re-election; they are Boies Penrose of Pennsylvania, Reed Smoot of Utah and Murray Crane of Massachusetts. These senators have avowed that they will support the President in his efforts to obtain the nomination of his party. An effort has been made to poll the Republican wing of the Senate on the subject but most of the members of the conservative faction are reticent on this matter.

The ways and means committee of the House of Representatives has reported to the house a bill reducing the tariff on steel. This is a part of the Democratic tariff program, and is intended, Chairman Underwood says, to follow up the schedules introduced and passed during the special session of Congress.

## TELEGRAMS.

### OVERDUE LINER.

#### HOPE ABANDONED.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

London, Jan. 29, 12.5 p.m.

All hope has been abandoned of the overdue Wilson liner, Genoa, bound for Riga. The crew numbered twenty-four. Wreckage has been washed ashore near Berwick.—"Reuter."

#### CANTON NEWS.

(Telegraph Correspondent.)

Canton, January 30.

In reply to the letter of the Commissioner of Police demanding an explanation from the Chinese bankers for refusing to exchange the notes of issue into subsidiary coins, the Chun Shun Bankers Guild in Canton says that when the old notes of issue bearing the seal of the New Government were put on the money market, the Governor General notified the public that these notes should be accepted as coins. Thus it is clear that the people were wrong to ask the banks to change the notes of issue for coins. Moreover the bankers are not money changers; their business is entirely different. The letter points out that there is a shortage of subsidiary coins circulating in the market, which has to a certain extent caused inconvenience to the bankers in Hongkong, as the latter only accept subsidiary coins in exchange for Hongkong bank notes.

The banks have much difficulty in obtaining coins from the Official Specie Department as their employees have to wait sometimes for hours before they can change the notes into coins. Besides the Official Specie Department only gives change to those wearing badges and those without them could never get their notes changed. In the opinion of the bankers' guild, the Government ought to require the mint to work day and night in order to turn out more coins to relieve the strain on the money market.

The Canton Government is in need of funds to finance the Cantonese troops to take part in the march upon Peking, and has now decided to sell all paddy fields belonging to the old government. The proceeds will be devoted to the above purpose. It is also the intention of the government to sell the shares belonging to the old government in the electrical power company in Canton. Notice has been inserted in the papers to the effect that all the share certificates held by the old government which have been taken away by the former officials will be considered null and void. New scripts will be issued to intending buyers.

President Sun Yat-sen has notified the Canton Governor General of the enforcement of a new ordinance protecting owners of properties within the jurisdiction of the new government. By this ordinance, owners of private properties with have the full benefits derived from their properties. Similar privileges will also be given to owners of properties who either have been or still are the officials of the Manchu Government so long as they do not oppose the new Government or ill-treat the republicans. Those who are opposing the new Government in the capacity of Manchu officials, will be deprived of their properties within the jurisdiction of the new Government. All the properties hitherto belonging to the old Government will be taken charge of by the new Government.

## TELEGRAMS.

### INTENSE FROST.

#### ENGLAND GRIPPED.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

London, Jan. 30, 12.5 p.m.

Intense frost is being experienced throughout England. Windermere and other lakes are frozen over and skating is taking place on hundreds of flooded acres in the Thames Valley.—"Reuter."

#### THE REVOLUTION.

##### How It Started.

Some interesting details are given by the "Central China Post" of a matter which has never hitherto been properly cleared up, namely how the revolution actually began. According to interviews published in this paper the principal agent was Liu Kung, now Inspector General in the Wuchang Government, and Sun Wu, General Li Yuan-hung's Chief of Staff, who was associated with Liu in bomb-making.

Liu first took up revolutionary work ten years ago, but did nothing particular until 1905 when as a student in Japan he came under the influence of Dr. Sun Yat-sen. In June, 1911, he came to Wuchang, armed with 10,000 which had been given him by his family, apparently to buy an office, and with the aid of Sun Wu set to work to suborn the soldiers. The engineers and artillerymen joined readily enough, the others had to be intimidated by threats of being blown up.

In the Russian Concession.

Of the actual outbreak Liu is reported to have said:—"We had planned to begin the revolution in December—simultaneously in eight provinces. We had drawn up lists showing the amount of the funds in the provincial treasuries, so that we knew the amount we should probably have to begin operations with. My wife, who is a zealous revolutionist and who recently went to Shanghai to organize a corps of woman soldiers, had undertaken to disguise herself as a poor peddler woman in order that she might throw a bomb at the Viceroy. This was to be the beginning of the revolution."

Sun and Liu were experts in bomb making but on October 9 Sun carelessly allowed a bomb to explode. This was in the house in the Russian Concession. This betrayed our plot before we were ready. Russian policemen came to our place and seized our plant, together with proclamations we had prepared; despatches to the foreign Consulates, private letters, a list of the revolutionaries, and a large number of badges. These badges had a design like that now used on the Republican military flag.

Instantly the arrests began, among those seized being Liu's wife and brother of whom the latter was tortured, according to Liu, to make him reveal Liu's hiding place. This brother and Mrs. Liu were released after the flight of Viceroy Jui Cheng.

##### General Li's Reluctance.

Liu saw that the only hope now was to start the revolt forthwith. He wrote to the soldiers ordering them to rise and, as the orthodox badges had been seized, he instructed them that any white band tied round the arm would serve. Thus began the famous revolt of October 10, but it is interesting to note that in the beginning the revolutionaries only had 3,700 soldiers all told on their side. They chose General Li as their leader, but had to hurry to cut his head off before he would accept.



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Manchuria.....	27,000	"	"	Feb. 10	"
Mongolia.....	27,000	"	"	Mar. 2	"
Korea.....	18,000	"	"	Apr. 2	"
SIBERIA.....	18,000	"	"	Apr. 10	"

## INTERMEDIATE.—

China.....	10,200	"	"	Feb. 2	"
Nile.....	11,000	"	"	Feb. 23	"
Persia.....	9,000	"	"	Mar. 26	"

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Hongkong, 24th January, 1912.

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Optional Goods will be landed here unless instructions are given to the contrary within 6 hours.

Goods not cleared by the 3rd Feb. at 4 p.m., will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by me in any case whatever.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's surveyors, Messrs. Goddard and Douglas, at 10 a.m. on Mondays and Thursdays. All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here after which date they cannot be recognized. No Claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

E. A. HEWITT,  
Superintendent.

Hongkong, 29th Jan., 1912.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM SHANGHAI, MOJI  
AND KOBE.

## THE Steamship

## "JAPAN"

having arrived from the above ports, consignees of cargo are hereby informed that the goods will be delivered from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge will be landed at once, at consignee's risk and expense into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godown of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company Ltd.

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Hongkong, 30th Jan., 1912.

MEE CHEUNG.  
ART PHOTOGRAPHER  
HONGKONG.

TELEPHONE NO. 1013.

DEVELOPING, PRINTING & ENLARGING.

Hongkong, 1st May, 1911.

(20) Hongkong, 20th Jan., 1912.

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## Intimations

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OUR  
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## WHAT THEY THINK.

## China Mail.

Distracted China.  
Most assuredly no stable republican government can be erected in China which ignores Cantonese opinion and the leaders of the South, and we cannot imagine that such an astute man as Yuan Shih-kai has proved himself to be would be led into such a hopeless blunder. By his present move he declares for a Republic, and if Dr. Sun Yat-sen is willing for the good of his country to submerge self-interest, as he says he is, we do not see why he cannot come to a working arrangement with Yuan Shih-kai which their mutual aims for the benefit of China can be carried into execution.

## Daily Press.

The Duke of Fife.  
The death of one so near to the Throne as His Grace the Duke of Fife, husband of the Princess Royal and brother-in-law of His Majesty the King, will necessarily cause the cancellation of many of the arrangements which were being made in London for popular rejoicings in connection with the return of Their Majesties the King and Queen from their memorable and epoch-marking visit to India. The Duke and his family were passing the winter in Egypt—not the first time—for the benefit of the health of the Princess Royal, which has for some time been far from robust. It was only on Monday night that news came of the grave illness of the Duke, and this telegram was followed, within the short space of thirty hours by another intimating that His Grace had passed peacefully away at Assuan in Upper Egypt, on the bank of the Nile. The nature of his illness was pleurisy and congestion of the lungs, due to a chill, and this will doubtless be associated in the minds of most readers with the unpleasant experiences of the Duke and his family on the occasion of the wreck of the Delhi.

## South China Morning Post.

The City Walls.  
Trumpet blasts were required to lay low the walls of Jericho. Those of Canton are also to be levelled to the ground, though by the human agency of strenuous labour rather than by supernatural means. This is a real sign of the times, especially as the instance is not isolated, for the same process of demolition is progressing in other cities in China, notably Shanghai. It is one of the striking indications of the great awakening of a long down-trodden people, that in their emulation of Western thought and Western activity, they are able to shake themselves free from the traditions which for centuries have been impregnate in the life of their race. Yet it cannot be without some pang of regret that old ideas and old institutions are allowed to go. Latterly the familiar celebration of Chinese wedding festivities has been forsaken in a number of cases, and similar departures from the established custom of ages are noticeable on every hand.

A scheme is mooted in Tokyo for the co-operation of Buddhist, Shinto and Christian evangelists to check the further degradation of public morals. Mr. Tokonami, Vice-Minister of Home Affairs, who is strongly interested in the scheme, is quoted as saying that national morals cannot be perfect, without the co-ordination of education and religion, but they are at present taught to the youth practically by educationalists only. He wishes that Christianity in Japan should be made suitable to the Japanese, and that Christian evangelists should co-operate with Buddhist and Shinto workers, with a view on one hand to identifying religion with the State and on the other hand removing sentimental differences between the Japanese and foreigners. At the same time Mr. Tokonami hopes that Japanese evangelists will endeavour to propagate Buddhism and Shintoism abroad.

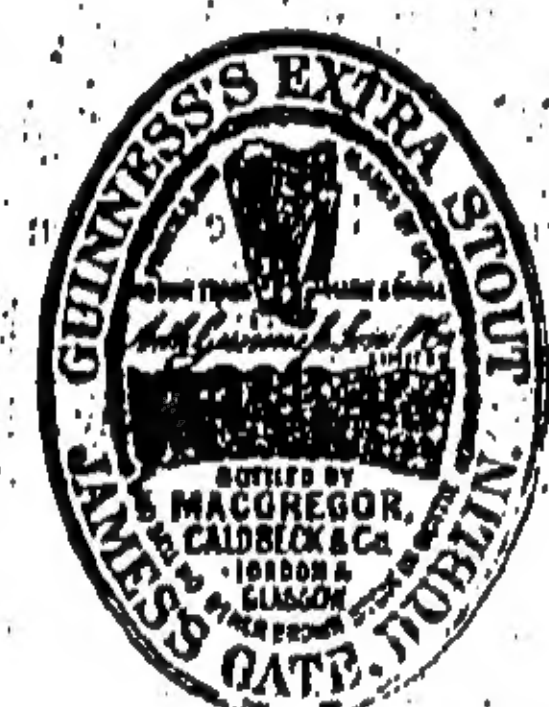
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Hongkong, 25th January, 1912.

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(PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.)

By Order, "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."

The object of this paper is to publish correct information, to serve the truth and print the news without fear or favour.

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## The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1912.

## THE SITUATION.

There is weariness in reiteration and it is difficult to say anything particularly new or illuminating about the position in China. The old facts may be dressed up in a new robe and exhibited as a novelty, but the discerning eye would quickly penetrate the disguise. As an alternative fiction may be made to masquerade as fact, but while these may be interesting journalistic expedients they are not particularly satisfying to the reader. In strict fact the situation is still shrouded in such absolute uncertainty that it is next to impossible for those not immediately connected with the revolution to determine how things stand. Probably it would be keeping within the bounds of fact to say that even the leading men of either party in China do not know very clearly the precise direction in which things are drifting.

It might be worth while to endeavour to set out the position as it appears to-day. We say appears, because there is much going on beneath the surface at Peking, at Shanghai, at Nanking and at Wuchang, which may render appearances deceptive. For example we have excellent authority for stating that relations between the civil and military office-bearers of the Provisional Government at Nanking, have been, on several occasions, strained to a dangerous degree. It is, therefore, well to bear in mind that the Revolutionaries are not altogether a united body, though, of course, in the face of a big common danger differences would probably be dropped for the time. An almost precisely similar position prevails at Peking. Yuan Shih-kai is apparently not quite decided whether abdication would not be the speediest and most satisfactory solution of the difficulty; the elder Manchus are disposed to favour abdication, the young Manchus oppose it and the Imperialist military leaders urge it. In the meantime the military forces of each side are on the move and a report states that General Chang Hsun's command has met with a heavy reverse.

It would be worse than idle to attempt to prophecy what the outcome is likely to be. There are so many "ifs" to be considered that a prognostication of any value is impossible. Climatic conditions we are told are all in favour of the Northern troops—if they remain loyal to the Throne. The lack of funds is affecting each side, but there seems reason to suppose that the Revolutionaries are rather more hard pressed than the Imperialists. That can be judged by the many dubious financial expedients that the Revolutionaries have resorted to of late. The threat to seize the China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company's fleet, and holding to ransom rich men known or believed to have Imperialist sympathies, are indications that money is very badly needed. However, it has always to be remembered that much was accomplished before there was any machinery of revolutionary government at all, and that now at all events a beginning has been made. If this machinery is working properly funds should be beginning to come in. Still, as we have said already, the only safe course is to follow the advice given by Mr. Asquith in another connection—"to wait and see."

## DAY BY DAY.

A half truth often becomes a whole lie.

### To-day's Paper.

An announcement in connection with the Photographic Competition appears on page 8, where will also be found an interesting interview with the former Viceroy of Canton. On page 3 is a column on books and writers.

A dead body has been found in the Western district. Death was due to natural causes.

The bodies of two children have been found in Tsan Tsui Po, one six months and the other two months old. In the first instance death was due to small-pox.

In connection with the creation of the new capital, Delhi, the Government of India has decided to bring out a town planning expert from Europe to plan the city on modern lines.

A woman resident in the Western district has been taken to the hospital suffering from injuries received with a chopper. It is alleged that the wounds were inflicted during a quarrel she was having with a man.

It is announced in our advertising columns that owing to alterations and extensions to the Hongkong Electric Company's switchboard, the supply of electric light will be discontinued on Sunday mornings for the next six weeks from 8 a.m. to 11 a.m. instead of from 8 a.m. to 9 a.m.

Two Chinese firms in Queen's Road, were summoned before the Magistrate, this morning, for selling coffee marked "pure," the contrary being proved. In the first instance the amount of chicory was six per cent., and a fine of \$10 was imposed. In the second case the fine was \$40, no less than forty per cent. of chicory being found on analysis.

At the Magistrate yesterday afternoon a man named Se Kai, was sentenced to twelve months imprisonment with hard labour on a charge of endeavouring to obtain \$150 from a salesman carrying on business in the New Western Market, by means of a forged chop. One Cheng Kau, who the police charged with forgery, was discharged.

A man named F. Marie Souza, was charged at the Magistrate, this morning, with assaulting a woman and also with being in possession of a dagger. For the first offence he was fined \$3.00 or seven days, and on the second charge he was fined \$25.00 or one month. He was also bound over on a penalty of \$100.00 to keep the peace for twelve months.

It is 97 years since power printing machines were first used for newspapers, making possible the large circulation on which the modern daily Press has been built up. At the annual staff dinner of Messrs. R. Hoe & Co., Limited, the well-known makers of printing machines, the interesting suggestion was made by Mr. G. F. Read, one of the directors, that the centenary on November 20, 1914, should be recognised in some suitable way, with the help of the newspapers which owe so much to the development of fast-printing machinery.

Troops for Hongkong. Garrison Orders announce that the following details embarked at Karachi on board R.I.M.S. "Dufferin," on January 28:—20th Punjabis—14 British Officers, 3 ladies, 1 child, 15 Native Officers, 811 men, 104 followers, and 25 animals. Supply and Transport Corps.—30 men and 54 animals.

A Quaint Excuse. Sanitary Inspector Royah summoned the Wing On Company to appear before the Magistrate for selling coffee in tins marked "pure coffee," which contained thirty nine per cent. of chicory. The company pleaded guilty and said that the coffee was intended for the people in the country and the Chinese of Hongkong, but not for Europeans. The excuse was not accepted and a fine of \$25 was imposed.

The Japanese despatch vessel Tatsuta arrived to-day from Amoy.

A special cable from Peking states that Prince Chun, erstwhile Regent, has expressed his desire that the boy Emperor on attaining his tenth year be sent abroad to be educated and that this was assented to by the Empress Dowager.

The population of Kedah is 245,886 and that of Perlis 32,740, 80 per cent. of the population of Kedah belong to the Malay race and over 13 per cent. are Chinese. In Perlis 90 per cent. are Malays and 5 per cent. Chinese. The mean population of the capital of Kedah is 8,000.

Peking is greatly disturbed over the report that some twenty women, belonging to the revolutionary party and armed with bombs, have reached the capital and are watching for opportunities to blow up certain prominent personages. The police have made widespread searches and discovered many concealed explosives but none of the Amazonian terrorists have so far been apprehended.

A curious incident is reported from Poli, states a Dalziel's telegram from Paris. A man broke into the church there with the intention of stealing the famous silver statue of the Virgin and the gifts of jewels and precious stones which it is covered, its total value, according to the popular view, being over £40,000. The thief was climbing out of a high window with his precious burden when he slipped and fell to the ground, being injured so badly that he died soon afterwards.

An extraordinary story was, on December 29, related to the Halesworth, Suffolk, magistrates of a family of young children living in a "dug-out" on the common at Goldfairgreen, which had sacking for a roof and did not keep out the rain, although the children were young, four of them being twins of one year. Esther and Elizabeth Miller, who had the care of the children, and had treated all cautions from the Children's Society inspector with contempt, were each sent to prison for three weeks' hard labour.

### The New Spirit.

Giving evidence in a case at Singapore last week in reference to the unruly behaviour of coolies from South China, Dr. Brooke, Port Health Officer, remarked that the public aspect was getting very serious. On every ship which had arrived from China during the last six weeks the same story had been told. Now, as a matter of routine, a force of armed police was sent on board every coolie ship, the work of the Port Health Officer was disorganised, and the summer agents had to pay the costs of the ringleaders on one of the ships and this man had said, "We have a new Government and will not submit to anything."

### The Deadly Parallel.

A New York telegram to the Paris edition of the "New York Herald," dated Dec. 28, says: "The 'New York Herald' prints the following editorial under the heading 'The Deadly Parallel of a Steal':—'Yet again the deadly parallel has been used. Early Monday evening the 'Herald' received a special cable despatch from its correspondent in Shanghai relating in detail the proceedings of the revolutionary conference. This was printed, of course, in the 'Herald's' European edition, which is issued approximately at three o'clock in the morning, or about ten o'clock at night hereabouts. The despatch was also given to the London newspapers to be printed with credit to the 'Herald.'"

Along about midnight the Associated Press sent out a despatch, dated London, which was almost a precise copy of the 'Herald's' special despatch. This was printed by American newspapers in the Associated Press, and was by far the most important Chinese news of the day. It is unnecessary to characterize such an act. The parallel does that."

## A FAMOUS WAR CORRESPONDENT.

Mr. William Maxwell, the famous special and war correspondent of the "Daily Mail," formerly of the "Standard," has paid a visit to Hongkong on his way out to the scene of revolutionary activity in China. Mr. Maxwell left the Hongkong Hotel, where he has been staying, last night for Canton.

Few indeed can claim so varied and so exciting, not to say so interesting, a career as Mr. Maxwell. He accompanied Lord Kitchener in the famous march on Khartoum, and was besieged in Ladysmith with Steevens, another great war correspondent who died there from enteric fever. Mr. Maxwell witnessed most of the fighting in South Africa after he was released from Ladysmith. Later he followed the Russian Japanese war with Kuroki's Army and has been on tours with the German Emperor and the King; in fact few events of international importance have occurred without his presence. At the Delhi Durbar he was the recipient of His Majesty's thanks to the representatives of the Press for the services rendered and he was also the recipient of special appreciative messages on leaving India both from His Majesty and the Viceroy.

While en route to Hongkong he called at Penang and whilst there he interviewed Mrs. Sun Yat-sen. He has described her as "a delightful little lady."

## LOCAL SPORT.

### BILLIARDS.

Military Tournament. Two more games were decided between the R.G.A. Staff and the Hongkong Volunteers Reserve Team last night, both being won by the former, who now hold a lead on the four games played of 93 points. The first game was between Master Gunner Brown, District Staff R.G.A., and Mr. Duncan of the Volunteers. Duncan at the start gave the impression that he would win, making some capital shots, but he fell away, and Master Gunner Brown won by 78 points.

The highest breaks were:—Master Gunner Brown 17 (twice), 10 and 12, whilst Duncan's only breaks of any consequence were a few 10's.

The second game was between Major Kirke, R.G.A., and Mr. J. H. Mead of the Volunteers. This proved more interesting, both players making some good shots. The best breaks of the game were:—Major Kirke 14, 10, 21 and 15, while Mead's best contributions were 16 and 12. Scores:—Master Gunner Brown... 250  
Mr. Duncan... 172  
Major Kirke... 250  
Mr. J. H. Mead... 220

## CORRESPONDENCE.

(The opinions expressed by our correspondents are not necessarily the views of the Hongkong Telegraph.)

### Dogs' Home.

(To the Editor of the "Hongkong Telegraph.")

Sir,—May I again beg the favour of a little space to report progress? The following donations have come to hand, viz.

Mr. G. Gordon \$5.00, Mrs. Pollock \$10.00, Mrs. O. Grosvenor \$10.00, 'Chiyo' \$10.00, Mr. W. L. Parker \$5.00, Mrs. Richardson \$1.00, Mr. M. W. Slade \$20.00, Mr. M. J. Patell \$300.00, Mr. Ho Kom Tong \$25.00, Mr. B. K. Mody \$5.00, Mr. A. E. Ager \$5.00, Mr. A. V. Ager \$25.00, Mr. M. J. Patell \$1.00, A Well-Wisher \$15.00, D. G. \$20.00.

These bring the total up to \$800. The work of erection has now commenced and is being pushed on as quickly as practicable. It will greatly assist the promoters if intending donors will send their contributions as early as possible, seeing that payments must soon commence. Donations will be gladly received and acknowledged by Mr. F. K. Tata, Queen's Building, or by Yours, etc., Charles H. Bjorkling.

The Mance, 3 Kennedy Road, Jan. 31, 1912.

## SANITARY BOARD.

President's Congratulatory Remarks.

A meeting of the Sanitary Board was held yesterday afternoon when there present Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe, President; Col. Irwin, Mr. W. Chatham, Hon. Mr. E. R. Hallifax, Mr. F. B. L. Bowley, Lau Chu-pak, Dr. Fitzwilliams, Ng Hon-tsz, Dr. F. Clark, M. O. H., and Dr. Pearso, Assist. M. O. H.

Prior to the commencement of the ordinary business the Chairman said:—There are three things that I would like to deal with and I regret that two of the members are absent. I am sure that all the members of the Board will join with me in congratulating Mr. Howett on receiving the O. M. G. It hardly needs any words from me to show how much we appreciate the services that Mr. Howett has rendered to the Board. When we take into consideration the many other public services he renders, and the large number of prominent interests which he safeguards, I think we can feel very proud that Mr. Howett still graces the Board with his presence. The other two matters deal with the appointment of the new members. I think you will all join with me in extending a welcome to the new member, Mr. Bowley. He has for some years past advised the Board and he has now come to give us his advice more fully than in the past. Then, his advice was confined to legal matters, but now I think it will not be confined to any particular subject, but to matters in general. I congratulate Dr. Fitzwilliams on his re-election as second elective member of the board. I had heard rumours that he was not going to stand again but I am glad to say that he, if he ever thought of retiring from the Board, reconsidered his decision. The report of the Government Bacteriologist regarding the Pokfulam water supply was laid on the table at the meeting and it was decided on the suggestion of Dr. Fitzwilliams to defer discussion of the matter until next meeting, as the report was somewhat lengthy.

## TRAINING NOTES.

Course Still Heavy.

It looks as if it will be some time before the course will be in condition; for the last few days it has not been conducive to fast going. The inside-track is very holding whilst the moisture in the turf on the race track proper, prohibits galloping to any extent there and any attempt at using this track without exercising great care would mean the breaking up of the ground.

Trials are taking place almost every day now instead of Wednesdays and Saturdays, and owners are very anxious to keep the full strength of their teams to themselves. This morning several ponies did times much short of the standard set up a day or two ago, but no-one was too keen on accepting them.

Mr. Kadoorie's Durbar Chief was in good form covering the mile in 2-20 and negotiating the last quarter in 34.1-2. It cannot be gainsaid that Mr. Kadoorie is in possession of a pony capable of bringing the Derby prize within his grasp.

Other performances were:—Mr. Soares' Diabolini (one mile) 2-24, last quarter 35.  
Mr. Bolden's Dousel (one mile) 2-30, last quarter 35.  
White Carnation (1.1-4 miles) 3-12, last quarter 34.  
White Hawthorn (1.1-4 miles) 3-3 1-2, last quarter 34.1-2.  
Brushwood Boy last quarter 35.  
Snowstorm (1.1-4 miles) 3-16, last quarter 35.  
Cadsow Loon (1 mile) 2-30.  
Marsago (1/2 mile) last quarter 32.1-2.  
Urgent (1.1-4 miles) 3-22, last quarter 35.

## TELEGRAMS.

### BOMB EXPLOSION.

SHANGHAI SENSATION.

[OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]  
Shanghai, Jan. 31, 9.55 p.m.  
Last night a bomb exploded in a house on the edge of the Settlement, killing a Chinese and blowing in two houses which took fire.  
Foreigners extinguished a second bomb, which burst, by pouring water on it.

### AN APPEAL CASE.

Both Sides Object.

In the Courts of Justice this morning, the Chief Justice, Sir Francis Piggott, and the Puisne Judge, sitting in appellate jurisdiction, commenced the hearing of the appeal in the case of the Fook Lung firm, v. the Lai Yuen firm, the Shiu Lung firm, the Cheung Yuen firm, the Shiu Kee firm, partners in the Yan Wo firm, and Chan Kit-shan.

The case originally came before the Chief Justice, and plaintiffs claimed, that an account be taken of the money due from the defendant to the plaintiff, and of the monies received by the former in respect of the plaintiffs' trade mark. In the alternative the payment of \$10,000 was claimed. It was also asked that a receiver be appointed and that an injunction be granted restraining the defendant firms from disposing of certain property.

The Chief Justice in the hearing in the lower court found for the plaintiff as regards the taking of the accounts, against all the defendants saying Chan Kit-shan, the case against whom was dismissed with costs and it was against this decision that the defendants appealed.

Mr. Marcus W. Slade, K.C., instructed by Mr. Holbrooke, appeared on behalf of the appellants, and Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C., instructed by Mr. Davis, for the respondents.

Mr. Slade said he appeared for three of the original defendants, the Lai Yuen firm, the Cheung Yuen firm, and the Shui Kee firm; the other defendants had allowed judgment to go by default.

Mr. Pollock:—I have a preliminary objection to take.

Mr. Slade:—Solave I (laughter)

Mr. Pollock:—My objection is one of very considerable substance because it is no less than an objection to certain amendments which have been made in the statement of defence, and I think I shall show your lordships that the amendments ought never to have been made.

Mr. Slade:—That is not a preliminary objection.

The Chief Justice:—It was understood that it was by mistake that the amended defence was asked.

Mr. Pollock:—It is an amendment which my learned friend made in his pleadings.

Mr. Slade:—We had leave to amend.

The Chief Justice:—And I cancelled that, because it was rendered unnecessary by the subsequent judgment.

Mr. Pollock objected to the amended defence on the ground that it was not made within 14 days of the date of the order, which thus became *spes facto* void. The other objection was against the introduction of the Statute of Limitations which was only pleaded after judgment had been delivered in the lower court.

The case was continuing when we went to press.

If speed is essential to success in matrimony, then Alpha Davis, nineteen, Indianapolis, and George H. Biel, forty, farmer, have qualified, says a despatch of Nov. 25 from Columbus, Indiana. "I'm glad to meet you, Miss Davis," said Biel, as they were introduced at the home of a friend. Biel talked three minutes with Miss Davis before remarking that he thought she was just about all right, and at least another three minutes before he "popped." "Let's get married," he suggested. "Well, I am game," said the girl. Together they walked to the courthouse to get the license. Thirty minutes after the first meeting they were married.



## FRENCH CONVENT.

## PRIZE DISTRIBUTION.

The annual distribution of prizes at the French Convent School is being held this afternoon under the presidency of His Excellency the Governor. A report will appear to-morrow.

The following is the list of prizes:

## INFANTS' CLASS.

Division A.  
Good Conduct, Politeness and General Improvement.—Dorothy Higgins.

Politeness, Regular Attendance, Reading, Spelling, Counting, Kindergarten and Religious Knowledge.—Edgar Reed.

Reading and Kindergarten.—Mabel Salomon.

Politeness, Reading, Counting and Kindergarten.—Violet Capell.

Politeness, Reading, Spelling, Transcription and Kindergarten.—Vivienne Young.

Reading and Kindergarten.—Gertie Simmons.

Politeness, Penmanship and General Application.—Sam Green.

Reading, Writing, Counting, Kindergarten and Music.—Mary Wiles.

Spelling, Kindergarten and Politeness.—Edward Goddard.

Kindergarten and Counting.—Lolly Murray.

Reading, Spelling and Kindergarten.—Evelyn Murray.

Counting, Reading and Kindergarten.—Gerald Parker.

## Division B.

Good Conduct, Politeness and Kindergarten.—Joie Thorhill.

Regular Attendance, Reading and Counting.—Sunny Xavier.

Politeness, Reading and Counting.—Ivy Musso.

Writing, Counting, Politeness and Kindergarten.—Mick Thornhill.

Reading, Spelling and Transcription.—Arthur Parker.

Reading and Writing.—Sunny Salomon.

Regular Attendance, Counting and Transcription.—Ratifa Maier.

Writing, Counting and Kindergarten.—Ahmad Madar.

Regular Attendance and General Application.—Huanah Iunail.

Reading, Counting and Kindergarten.—Conception Higby.

Politeness, General Application and Kindergarten.—Willie Reed.

Reading, Writing and Kindergarten.—Moses Green.

Kindergarten.—Frank Pelatt.

Reading, Writing and Transcription.—Pepita Zabala.

Writing, Reading and Kindergarten.—Patty Kerr.

Regular Attendance, Reading and Kindergarten.—Milla Boissiere.

Reading and Kindergarten.—Edward Spies.

Kindergarten.—Emily Ehardt.

## LOWER CLASSES.

## Class VIII.

Good Conduct and Politeness.—Carmen Xavier.

Reading and Recitation.—Ermina Remedios.

Penmanship and Dictation.—Mabel Modrows.

Spelling and Recitation.—Ruby Young.

Arithmetic, Dictation, French and Music.—Gabrielle Grimaud.

Geography and Transcription.—Arthur Bird.

Regular Attendance and Arithmetic.—Philip Danenberg.

General Application, Needlework, French and Music.—Josephine Aguado.

Spelling and Arithmetic.—Mabel Parker.

Transcription.—Abdool Rumjahn.

Arithmetic.—Mathilde Aguado.

Good Conduct and Application.—Rahil of Arculi.

## Class VII.

Good Conduct and Politeness.—Minnie McGrann.

Regular Attendance and Arithmetic.—Rosie White.

Religious Knowledge, Spelling, French and Music.—Conception Miller.

Reading and Recitation.—George Razavet.

Grammar and Dictation.—Elsie Court.

Religious Knowledge and Application.—Gladys Breaker.

Arithmetic and Application.—Zethoon Rumjahn.

Reading, Grammar and French.—Victoria Pass.

Penmanship and Music.—Lolita Paramos.

Geography and Dictation.—Robert Reed.

Reading, Recitation and Music.—Hilda Goddard.

Geography, Grammar, French and Music.—Emma Smith.

Spelling and Geography.—Vincenzo Xavier.

Needlework and Arithmetic.—Firdos Rumjahn.

Recitation and Application.—Alda Silva.

Spelling, Needlework and French.—Marjorie Pass.

## Class VI.

Good Conduct, Politeness, Regular Attendance, Arithmetic, Needlework, French, Religious Knowledge and Music.—Beatrice Tao Yai.

Politeness, Penmanship, Spelling, Grammar, Reading, Recitation and French.—Morcia Danenberg.

Penmanship, Needlework, Geography and French.—Albertina Prata.

Arithmetic, Geography and Grammar.—Alda Remedios.

Composition, Geography, Spelling, Grammar and French.—Andree Baudet.

Arithmetic and Needlework.—Carmelina Leon.

Penmanship.—Bertha Leon.

Grammar, Arithmetic, Geography, French and Music.—Felicite Neves.

Reading, Recitation, Spelling and Composition.—Connie Hausen.

Penmanship, Grammar, Arithmetic, French and Music.—Philomona Silva.

Spelling, Penmanship, French and Music.—Encarnacion Miller.

Reading, Recitation, Geography and Composition.—Mabel Musso.

Spelling and General Application.—Gladys Pelatt.

Grammar, Arithmetic and Needlework.—Alda Leon.

Grammar.—May Murray.

Geography.—Celeste Vieira.

## REMOVE CLASSES.

## Class V.

Good Conduct, Religious Knowledge, Reading, Recitation, History, Geography, Grammar, Composition, Hygiene and French.—Dolly Capell.

Arithmetic, Composition, Reading, Recitation, Drawing and French.—Isabel Allen.

Regular Attendance, Arithmetic and Drawing.—Ignez Vieira.

History, Spelling and Hygiene.—Maria Loureiro.

Penmanship and General Application.—Zethoon Rumjahn.

## Class IV.

Religious Knowledge, Regular Attendance, 1st Prize for Arithmetic, History, Geography, Hygiene, Grammar, French and Music.—Aurea Pereira.

2nd Prize for Arithmetic, Grammar, Composition, Hygiene, and French.—Ada O'Brien.

Reading, Hygiene and Drawing.—Celeste Silva.

Music and Application.—Florrie Simmons.

## OXFORD CLASSES.

## Preliminary Division.

Good Conduct, Politeness, 1st Prize for Drawing and General Application, and special prize for Catechism presented by His Lordship Bishop Pozzoni.—Maria Baptista.

Regular Attendance, Arithmetic, Religious Knowledge, Penmanship, Domestic Economy, Drawing, French and Music.—Liana Prata.

Composition, Reading, Spelling, History, Grammar, Drawing and French.—Dorothy Razavet.

Arithmetic, Composition, Geography, History, Grammar, Drawing and French.—Vera Danenberg.

Geography, Composition, Reading and French.—Violet Razavet.

Geography, Domestic Economy, Religious Knowledge, Drawing, French and Music.—Dorothy Murray.

Arithmetic, History, French, Music and General Application.—Zella Camiao.

Grammar, Spelling, Drawing, French, Music and General Application.—Louise Chapman.

Arithmetic, Religious Knowledge, History and Drawing.—Lina Remedios.

## Junior Division.

Good Conduct, Politeness, Regular Attendance, Religious Knowledge, 1st Prize for General

## Quo Vadis

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Hongkong, 15th January, 1912.

## "NEWS."

## How History is Made.

The following is portion of a "special" to the "Westminster Gazette" dated "The Club, Hongkong, Nov. 25." It is of interest, though it cannot claim to sacrifice picturesque quality to historical accuracy:

We are, I think, more in touch with the rebellion than you imagine, and the people here—the natives, I mean—are widely interested in it all, and are revolutionary to a man.

I am now living over in Kowloon, across the harbour, at which terminus one sees hundreds and hundreds of refugees coming pouring in from Canton, afraid of what will happen next in that city. Arrived at Kowloon they, for the most part, hurry to the ferry to be taken across to this side, where they are immediately allowed up in Chinatown.

Poor things! They bring all their small belongings with them, and the few sticks of furniture they possess, strung on bamboo, which are carried on the shoulders, and amongst the crowd one sees the lame, the halt, and the blind all struggling to get coolie quarters in the boats which are to carry them across.

It is a curious spectacle to see the small fiery Portuguese ferry officer—a kind of Captain Kettle without the beard—making them line up and take their proper turn, gesticulating, yelling, thumping and kicking them, all of which they accept with placid indifference as if it were just part of the day's work.

And talking of Canton reminds me of a man who went there from here when the trouble was at its worst. He was the only European in the city, and was frequently warned by his Mandarin friends not to venture; but, armed with a passport, he did so, and saw a good deal of shooting, pillaging, and looting. He was also able to get the first news that the Viceroy had left the Yamen, and was about to flee the city. This proved to be true, as he eventually arrived here, taking temporary refuge at the Governor's house.

He hadn't much choice—the Imperial forces turned their guns on his Yamen or palace, and threatened to fire if he gave in to the rebels, whilst the latter were to kill him if he did not

desert the Manchurian cause and surrender. Being 'twixt the devil and the deep sea, he chose the latter, and crept away in the darkness. I am told that all the "white devils" were collected in Shamen, the European Colony, separated from Canton proper by the river which runs between them, across which bridges are stretched at frequent intervals, and none of them dared venture beyond its precincts except one man, who speaking Chinese perfectly, went into the city itself, employed a couple of coolies, and watched events. Amongst other things, he saw the rebels throw open the prisons and let all the inmates out to assist them in their cause, and now that Canton has "gone over" peacefully, this has had a noticeably bad effect, because the rebels have no money to support these cut-throats whom they have turned loose on society, and the latter, saying "We must live," have taken to their evil ways again. Some two thousand made straight for Kowloon, but the Yorkshire Regiment stationed here was at once despatched to the New Territories to meet them, and put the fear of God into their souls, and though this is only what one might call "show pigdin," it has served to keep the beggars at bay.

However, a more tragic incident occurred yesterday. A Chinese boat, manned by an English captain and officers, was passing up the West River when she was suddenly "surprised" by pirates, who murdered the skipper and several of the officers in cold blood, and looted the boat.

## DON'T FORGET.

Wednesday, Jan. 31.  
French Convent Prize Distribution.

Prize Distribution, St. Stephen's College.

Sunday, Feb. 4.  
Rev. C. Bone replies to Pastor Russell, Wanhsai Church.

Monday, Feb. 5.  
Kowloon Land and Building Co. Meeting.

HONGKONG ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

ST. GEORGE'S BUILDINGS.

OWING to alterations and extensions to the Switchboard at our Works we much regret that the supply of ELECTRIC LIGHT will have to be discontinued on SUNDAY morning for the next SIX WEEKS from 8 A.M. to 11 A.M., instead of from 8 A.M. to 9 A.M.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 21st Jan, 1912.

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REMOVED: THE CREAM ONLY.

ADDED: NOTHING.

If you must use Separated Milk why not have it

FRESH?

For sale by

THE DAIRY FARM Co., Ltd.

One penny a pint!

## BIJOU SCENIC THEATRE.

Cinematograph Vaudeville.

9.15 EVERY EVENING 9.15

A Complete change of Pictures. EVERY WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, all new to Hongkong.

MISS EILEEN MURRAY THE POPULAR COMEDienne. 7.15 PICTURE ONLY 7.15

Leaves & Manager: R. H. STEPHENSON. Hongkong, 2nd Jan., 1912.

## ASAHI BEER

## SAPPORO BEER

## TO BE OBTAINED FROM ALL WINE DEALERS

Note our Price: \$12.00 per case containing 4 dozen quarts or 6 dozen pints.

## VON RIEGEN'S PATENT FIRE BRIDGE BARS.

COST OF INSTALLATION QUICKLY ABSORBED BY ECONOMY IN FUEL EFFECTED.

FOR FULL INFORMATION AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE UNITED ASBESTOS ORIENTAL AGENCY, LD.,

SOLE AGENTS.

OR TO

CH. WITZKE, SUB-AGENT.

Hongkong, December 7th, 1911.

## G. FALCONER &amp; Co., Ltd.,

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

LARGE SELECTION OF HALL MARKED ENGLISH SILVERWARE.

TEA SETS, SALVERS, ROSE BOWLS, FISH & DESERT KNIVES & FORKS.

## PERFECTION WHISKY

IS ALWAYS

PERFECTION IN ITSELF

AND

"Worth having"

THE BEST "SCOTCH"

Perfection WHISKY

SOLE AGENTS, GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD., 12, QUEEN'S RD., CL.

PROPRIETORS, D. & J. McCALLUM, EDINBURGH.

PERFECT IN MELLOWNESS, PERFECT IN BOUQUET, PERFECT IN PURITY.

A PERFECT DRINK WITH TANGAN



CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.'S  
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.

"EMPEROR LINE."

Sailings from Hongkong and from St. John, N.B.

"E. of Japan" ... Sat., Feb. 24	"E. of Ireland" ... Fri., Mar. 22.
"Montevideo" ... Mar. 28	"E. of Ireland" ... Apr. 19.
"E. of India" ... Apr. 20	"E. of Ireland" ... May 17.

To Vancouver, B.C., sailing at Shanghai, Nagasaki (through the Inland Sea of Japan), Kobe, Yokohama and Victoria, B.C.  
Passengers booked to all the principal points in Canada, the United States and Europe, also around the World.  
For further information, Maps, Guide Books, Rates of Passage and Freight, apply to—  
D. W. Craddock, General Traffic Agent,  
Opposite Pender Street and Ferry (Opposite Blake Pier.)

INDO-CHINA STEAM  
NAVIGATION CO., LD.

(PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

For	Steamship	On
SHANGHAI	KWONGSANG	Saturday, 2nd Feb., D'light.
MANILA	LOONGSANG	Saturday, 2nd Feb., 2 p.m.
SHANGHAI	WAISHING	Sunday, 3rd Feb., D'light.
SANDAKAN	MAUSANG	Thursday, 8th Feb., Noon.
MANILA	YUENSANG	Saturday, 10th Feb., 2 p.m.
SINGAPORE, PENANG	NAMSANG	Thursday, 13th Feb., Noon.
SINGAPORE, CALCUTTA	NAMSANG	Thursday, 13th Feb., Noon.
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKO	KUTSANG	Friday, 14th Feb., Noon.

FOR THE MANILA CARNIVAL.—February 3rd to 10th, 1912.  
A special reduced rate of \$50 for Return Passengers will be issued for our sailings to Manila of the 20th and 27th January, available for 30 days from date issued. Passengers taking out these tickets are exempt from the Head Tax.

A fully qualified surgeon is also carried.  
Steamers have superior accommodation for First-class Passengers, and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.  
Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Yangtze Ports, Chafoo, Tientsin, via Chingwangtao.

For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LD.  
Telephone No. 215. General Managers.  
Hongkong, 31st January, 1912.

'SHIRE' LINE OF STEAMERS,  
LIMITED.PROJECTED HOMEWARD SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.  
(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

For	Steamers	DATE OF DEPARTURE
LONDON & ANTWERP	"PEMBROKESHIRE"	6th February.
LONDON & ANTWERP	"OARMAHENSHEIRE"	28th February.
LONDON & ANTWERP	"GLAMORGANSHIRE"	15th March.

All steamers have excellent accommodation for a limited number of First Class Passengers. Cabins are situated amidships, and are fitted with electric light and fans. Attention is directed to the moderate fares charged.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LD.,  
AGENTS.

Hongkong, 29th January, 1912.

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO,  
AND  
WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF  
THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.,  
AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.,  
HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.  
HONGKONG TO CANTON, CANTON TO HONGKONG.  
WEDNESDAY, 31st JANUARY.  
10.00 p.m. "KINSHAN." 5.00 p.m. "FATSHAN."  
These steamers, carrying His Majesty's Mails, are the largest and fastest on the River. Special attention is drawn to the Superior Saloon and Cabin. Electric Fan in each Cabin.

## HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "SUI TAI" Tons 1651 S.S. "SUI AN" Tons 1651

Week days at 8 A.M. & 2 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf. Sunday at 8 A.M. & 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

## MACAO TO HONGKONG.

Week days at 7.30 A.M. and 2 P.M. Sundays, at 7.30 A.M. and 5 P.M.

## EXCURSION TO MACAO.

SUNDAY, 4th FEBRUARY.

The Company's Steamship,

## "SUI AN"

will depart from the Company's WING LOK WHARF at 9 A.M. Departure from Macao at 5 P.M.  
M. B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on Sunday, leaving at 7.30 A.M. and from Hongkong at 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

This steamer connects with the excursion steamer returning from Macao at 5 P.M.

## FARES AS USUAL.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the Company.

## CANTON-MACAO LINE.

S.S. HOI-SANG, 457 Tons.

Departure from Macao to Canton on Mon., Wednes., & Fri., at 9 P.M. Departure from Canton to Macao on Tues., Thurs., & Sat., at 4.30 P.M.

## JOINT SERVICE OF

HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD., AND THE INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

## CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. "SAINAM," 588 Tons, and "NANNING," 589 Tons.

One of the above steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at about 8 A.M., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the same days at 3.30 A.M. Round-trip tickets about 8 days. Passengers can return to Hongkong or vice versa by the Company's direct steamers "LINTAN" and "SANUI." These vessels have superior Cabin accommodation and are lighted throughout by electricity. Electric Fan in each Cabin.

Booking Office open daily (Sunday excepted) 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the

HONGKONG, CANTON &amp; MACAO STEAMBOAT

COMPANY, LIMITED.

HOTEL MANSIONS (FIRST FLOOR),

Opposite the Blake Pier.

## Shipping—Steamers

## NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)



PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

Destinations	Steamers	Sailing Dates
MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, SUEZ & PORT SAID	TANGO MARU, Capt. K. Kawata, T. 8,000	WEDNESDAY, 14th Feb., D'light.
VICTORIA, B.C., & SEATTLE via SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA	SADO MARU, Capt. J. Richards, T. 7,000	TUESDAY, 13th Feb., at Noon.
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BRISBANE	YAWATA MARU, Capt. T. Sekine, T. 5,000 NIKKO MARU, Capt. M. Yagi, T. 6,000	FRIDAY, 16th Feb., at Noon. FRIDAY, 16th Mar., at Noon.
BOMBAY via SINGAPORE & COLOMBO	TOSA MARU, Capt. Sato, T. 6,000	MONDAY, 5th Feb.
N'ASKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	NIKKO MARU, Capt. M. Yagi, T. 6,000	WEDNESDAY, 14th Feb., at Noon.
KOBE & YOKO-HAMA	AKI MARU, Capt. K. Homma, T. 7,000	THURSDAY, 1st Feb., at 11 A.M.
NAGASAKI & KOBE	TENSHIN MARU, Capt. T. Hori, T. 4,000	FRIDAY, 2nd Feb.

Cargo only.

Fitted with new system of wireless telegraphy.

NEW LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN  
KOBE and CALCUTTA.

Regular fortnightly service from Kobe to Calcutta calling at Hongkong, Singapore, Penang and Rangoon.  
The next steamer to sail from Hongkong:

"MIKE MARU" ...Tons 4,000...Capt. G. Tabusa...Jan. 31st.

## 1912 PASSENGER SEASON 1912

Steamer	Tons	Captain	From Hongkong
TANGO MARU	8,000	K. Kawata	Feb. 14th.
KAMO MARU	9,000	F. L. Sommer	Feb. 28th.
AKI MARU	7,000	K. Homma	Mar. 13th.
MISHIMA MARU	9,000	A. O. Moses	Mar. 27th.
KAGA MARU	7,000	M. Hagino	April 10th.
ATSUTA MARU	9,000	Wm. Thompson	April 24th.
HITACHI MARU	7,000	T. Yamawaki	May 8th.
MIYASAKI MARU	9,000	T. Mura	May 22nd.

From Hongkong direct to Nagasaki 4 days, to Kobe 5 days, and to Yokohama 6 days.  
For further information as to Freight, Passage, Sailings, &c., apply to the Company's Local Branch Office in Prince's Building, First Floor, Charter Road.

T. KUSUMOTO,  
Manager.CHINA NAVIGATION  
CO. LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For	Steamers	To Sail.
SHANGHAI	"CHINHUA"	1st Feb. 4 p.m.
SWATOW, AMOY & SHANGHAI	"TAMU"	2nd " 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI	"ANHUI"	3rd " M'night.
MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO	"TAMING"	6th " 4 p.m.
HOIHOW & HAIPHONG	"SUNGKIAN"	7th " 10 A.M.
SHANGHAI	"CHENAN"	8th " 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI	"LINAN"	10th " M'night.

DIRECT SAILING TO WEST RIVER, Twice Weekly.

S.S. "LINTAN" and S.S. "SANUI"

AUSTRALIAN STEAMERS have superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in Staterooms. A fully qualified Doctor is carried. REDUCED FARES. Cargo booked through for all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.

MANILA LINE.—Two crew steamers "Tan" and "Taming," saloon accommodation midships; electric fans fitted; extra state-rooms on deck, aft. Saloon accommodation of a.s. "Kallong" is situated on deck, aft.

SHANGHAI LINE.—FAST SCHEDULE TWIN-SCREW STEAMERS (Anhui, Odena, Linan, Chinkwa)—with excellent passenger accommodation. Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms and Dining Saloons; leave Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Thursday and Sunday, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

N.B.—Passengers must embark before midnight on Saturday for the Sunday morning sailings. A Company's launch leaves Murray Pier at 10 o'clock every Saturday night.

These steamers land passengers in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transhipment at Woosung.

Reduced Fares:—Single \$45. Return \$75.

For Freight or Passage apply to

BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE.

Telephone No. 94.

Hongkong, 31st January, 1912.

## Shipping—Steamers

## HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE

IN CONJUNCTION WITH

Deutsche Dampfschiffahrts Gesellschaft "HANSA."

EAST ASIATIC SERVICE.

Regular Sailings from JAPAN, CHINA and PHILIPPINES, via STRAITS and COLOMBO,

to

Marseilles, Havre, Bremen and Hamburg and New York.

Taking cargo at Through rates to all European North Continental and British Ports, also Trieste, Lisbon, Oporto, Genoa and other Mediterranean Levantine, Black Baltic Sea and Ports, and all North and South American Ports.

## Next Sailings from Hongkong:

OUTWARD.	HOMEWARD.
For Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama:	For Havre, Rotterdam & Hamburg:
S.S. Goldenfels, 31st Jan.	S.S. "Sambia" 4th Feb.
" Saevia 18th Feb.	For Havre, Hamburg & Antwerp:
" Brigravia 26th Feb.	S.S. "Silola" 13th Feb.
" Sachsen 8th Mar.	For Marseilles, Rotterdam & Hamburg:
" C. Ferd. Lueke 30th Mar.	S.S. "Saxonia" 16th Feb.
For Further Particulars, apply to—	For Marseilles, Rotterdam & Hamburg:
	S.S. "Ambia" 26th Feb.
	For Rotterdam, Hamburg & Antwerp:
	S.S. "Saxonia" 29th Feb.
	For Havre, Rotterdam & Hamburg:
	S.S. "Goldenfels" 1st Mar.
	For Havre, Rotterdam & Hamburg:
	S.S. "Preussen" 7th Mar.

Hamburg-Amerika Linie,  
Hongkong Office.

Hongkong, 30th January, 1912.

HONGKONG—  
PHILIPPINES  
STEAMSHIP CO.

Steamship	Tons	Captain	For	Sailing Date
RUBI	4000	S. Crosby	Manila, Mangarin, Iloilo and Cebu.	SATURDAY, 10th Feb., 4 p.m.
ZAFIRO	4000	M. C. Smith	Manila, Mangarin, Iloilo and Cebu.	

Philippines Carnival, Feb. 8 to 10, 1912.  
For sailing on 8th instant, special reduced rate, Hongkong-Manila and return \$50.00.

No Polltax.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

SHEWAN TOMES &amp; CO.

GENERAL MANAGERS

Hongkong 26th January, 1912.

## A. R. MARTY.

HONGKONG—HOIHOW—HAIPHONG—PAKHOI.

Highest Class, Fastest and Up-to-date Steamers on the Coast, having accommodation for First-class Passengers.  
Electric Light, Excellent Cuisine, and Wireless Telegraphy.

For Freight and Passage, apply to

A. R. MARTY,

24, Des Vaux Road.

Telephone 118.

Hongkong, 12th June, 1911.

[85]

## JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

Regular Fortnightly Service between

JAVA, CHINA and JAPAN.

Expected on or about Feb. 1st. Will leave on or about Feb. 1st.

Tjilong.....JAPAN.....1st half Feb.....JAPAN.....1st half Feb.

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## COMMERCIAL.

## Shanghai Share Report.

The following is Messrs. J. P. Bisset & Co.'s share report dated Friday, Jan. 19—

A fairly large volume of business has passed through the Exchange during the past week, and a healthy feeling pervades the dealings in all classes of stocks. The market for rubbers is one that has for many months been quiescent and relegated to a position of minor importance, but this week—dealings in rubber shares have formed the chief feature in the market. The tone of share business generally is decidedly firm and prices show a steady upward tendency.

Banks.—H. & S. Banks show no change from \$905, Cathay Trusts, slightly firmer, changed hands at Tls. 7.

Insurance.—Yangtzes are being acquired for in small lots at \$212.12. Unions are in demand at \$830. North Chinas remain nominal at Tls. 150.

Shipping.—No change. Indo-Chinas are wanted at Tls. 44.

Docks and Wharves.—Shanghai Docks are rather weaker at Tls. 58. S. & H. Wharves are still to be had at Tls. 95.

Lands.—Shanghai Lands have hardened to Tls. 97, whilst Anglo-French Lands are wanted at Tls. 95.

Plantations.—As already noted above a good healthy cash business is being done in rubbers and prices have substantially advanced. The following shares show rises:—

Almas, Tls. 3-4, Amherst 35 cents, Anglo-Javas Tls. 1-2, Batu-Annam 10 cents, Bakus 10 cents, Dominions, Tls. 1-1-2, Gulas Tls. 1-4, Javas Tls. 1-4, Kamunting Tls. 1-2, Padang 40 cents, Kroewecks Tls. 1-2, Samagagas 5 cents, See Kees Tls. 1-4, Sun Manggis Tls. 1-4, Sungai Duris Tls. 1-4, and Ziangbes Tls. 1-4. Shanghai Sumatras show a sharp rise to Tls. 100 sales, and are wanted at this figure.

Cottons.—Cottons show signs of increasing demand at prices slightly lower than the nominal quotations published last week. Internationals changed hands at Tls. 94, Kung Yiks at Tls. 11.1-2, and Shanghai Cottons show a rise of Tls. 1.1-2. With improved prospects of peace Cottons should appreciate rapidly in value.

Stores.—No change. Miscellaneous.—Telephones are wanted at Tls. 68 and Tramways are in demand at Tls. 54.1-2. Debentures are all very firm and few changed hands.

## A PATHETIC APPLICATION.

The following is a true copy of an application sent to the head of a certain department in India:—  
Most Honoured Sir,—Understanding that there are several hands wanted in your honour's department, I beg to offer you my hand. As to my adjustments I appeared for the Matric Examination of Ooty, but failed, the reason for which I shall describe. To begin with, my writing was illegible, this was due to climatic reason, for I having come from a warm in a cold climate found my fingers stiff and very disobedient to my wishes. Further, I had received a great shock to my mental system in the shape of the death of my only fond brother. Besides, most honoured Sir,—I beg to state that I am in very uncomfortable circumstances being the sole means of support of my fond brother's seven issues consisting of three adults and four adultresses, the latter being the bane of my existence owing to my having to support two of my own wives as well as their issues of which by God's misfortune the feminine gender predominates. If by your good fortune this few humble lines meet with your benign kindness and favourable turn of mind I the poor, mental shall ever pray for the long life and prosperity of yourself as well as your honour's posthumous olive branches.

## SHARE REPORT.

S-SELLERS.		SA-SALE.		S-BUYERS.	
STOCKS & PAID UP VALUE.		Classes & Terms.		LAST DIVIDEND AND DATE.	
BANKS.					
Hongkong & Shanghai	\$125	\$880 a.		Interim dividend of 42 per share at exchange 1/84—\$22.32 for 1/2 year ending 30th June 1911	
MARINE INSURANCES.					
Canpans	\$50	\$197 1/2		\$16 for 1910	
North China	45	T150	b.	Interim of 10/- for 1910 Final of \$20 making \$50 for 1909 and Interim of \$80 for 1910	
Unions	\$100	\$860	sa.	\$12 for 1909 and Int. of \$3 on account of 1910	
Yangtzes	450	\$212 1/2			
FIRE INSURANCES.					
China Fire	\$20	\$151	a.	\$7 & 5/8 of \$2 for 1909	
Hongkong Fire	\$50	\$861		\$27 for 1909	
SHIPPING.					
China & Manilla	\$25	\$10.75		\$1 for 1906	
Douglas Steamships	\$50	\$21		5 p.c. for year end'g 30-6-11	
Steamboats	\$15	\$205	sa.	Dividend of \$14 for half year ending 30-6-11	
Indo-China (Preferred)	45	\$20		3% final making 6% for 1908 & 6% for 1909 on preferred shares	
Indo-China (Deferred)	45	\$20		1/- per share Coupon No. 15 2/6 per share Coupon No. 16 for 1910.	
"Shell" Transports	41	\$11 b.		Div. 7 p.c. 1/2 for year end'g 30-6-11	
"Star Ferry"	\$10	\$27 1/2	a.		
	45	\$17	b.		
REFINERIES.					
China Sugars	\$100	\$108 1/2	sa.	\$10 for 1910	
Luxon Sugars	\$100	\$36	sa.	\$3 for 1897	
MINING.					
Chinese Engineering	41	T14	b.	Interim of 1/- on account for year ending 28.2.11. (Coupon No.16)	
Tronohs	41	63/6		1s. 2d. per share on 150,000	
Ranbuds	41	\$3.80	a.	\$3 for year ending 31.12.10	
DOCKS, WHARVES, & COWING.				\$1 interim dividend for year to 30th June 1911	
Kowloon Wharfs	\$50	\$64	sa.	Tls. 2 2/3 for 1910	
H. K. & W. Jones Docks	\$50	\$45		Final of Tls. 4 for 1910	
Shanghai Docks	T. 100	T.58		Tls. 6 2/3-2-10	
Hongkong Wharfs	T. 100	T.95.50		\$3 on old shares, \$1.50 on new shares for half year 31-12-10	
LANDS, HOTELS & BUILDINGS.				Interim div. of \$3 1/2 for 1911	
Anglo French Lands	T.100	T.94 b.		45 cents for 1910	
Hongkong Hotels	\$50	\$114		\$2 1/2 for 1910	
		\$72 b.		5% for half year to 30-6-11	
Hongkong Lands	\$100	\$38 1/2	a.	Interim div. of \$2 for 1911	
Humphreys Estates	\$10	\$62	sa.	15 per cent. for 1910	
Kowloon Lands	\$30	\$34	sa.	T4 for year ended 31-12-10	
Shanghai Lands	T. 30	T.99		T7 for year ended 20-12-10	
West Point	\$50	\$40 b.		50 cents 31-7-08	
Manila M'pole Hotel	P.10	P.9.50 a.		\$1 for 1910	
COTTON MILLS.					
Ewee	T.50	T.81		80 cents for 1910	
Hongkong Cottons	\$10	\$5	b.	\$1.25 for year end'g 31-7-10	
China-Borneo	\$12	\$14	a.	Interim of 15 cents per share for 1910	
Light and Powers	\$10	\$1.30	b.	\$1.20 per share and 5/8 of 10 cents	
Do. (Spec. shares)	\$1			\$2 interim for half year ended 30th June 1911	
China Providents	\$10	\$8	a.	\$1 interim account 1911	
Dairy Farms	\$6	\$20	b.	(Special bonus T2 15-1-11)	
Green Islands	\$10	\$5.75		Interim div. T1 15-8-11	
Hongkong Electric	\$10	\$21		Interim div. T1 15-8-11	
Hongkong Ice	\$25	\$210		Interim div. T1 15-8-11	
Hongkong Paper	\$10	\$18	a.	Interim div. T1 15-8-11	
Langkats	5. 10.	T.83	sa.	None	
Morning Post	\$25	\$25		80 cents on fully paid shares and 8 cents on \$1 paid shares for year ending 30-4-11	
Peak Tramway	\$10	\$11 1/2 b.		None	
Do. (new)	\$1	\$1.10		\$1.50 for 1910	
Phillips Lines	\$10	\$5 b.		First year	
H. Price & Co., Ltd.	\$10	\$125		No dividend this year	
Societe des Refreres	\$50	\$50		50 cts. for year end'g 30-6-11	
Papeteries de Tonkin	Benefit	\$400		15 per cent. per ordinary share for year ended 31-6-1911	
Shanghai-Sumatra	T. 20	T109		75 cents. per share for year ending 31-12-1911	
Steam Laundry	\$5	\$6 1/2		10 per cent. for year ending 31-7-10.	
United Asbestos Oriental Agency, Ltd.	\$10	\$10		80 cents for 1910	
United Asbestos Founders Shares	\$10	\$200			
Union Waterboat	\$10	\$8 50 a.			
Weymann, Ltd.	\$10	\$15 b.			
Water	\$10	\$41 b.			
William Powell	\$10	\$41 b.			

Corrected to 3 p.m. January 31, 1912. WRIGHT AND HORNBY, 5 a.m.

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## Exchange

Ballings.	1/11
T/T.....	1/11 5/16
80 d/s.....	1/11 5/16
80 d/s.....	1/11 7/16
80 d/s.....	1/11 7/16
T/T. Singapore.....	69 1/2
T/T. Japan.....	94 1/2
T/T. India.....	14 1/2
Demand India.....	4 1/2
T/T. San Francisco and New York.....	47 1/2
T/T. Java.....	116 1/2
T/T. Marks.....	189 1/2
T/T. France.....	3 1/2
Buying.....	
4 m/s. L/C.....	1/11 1/16
4 m/s. D/E.....	1/11 1/16
6 m/s. L/C.....	1/11 1/16
80 d/s. Sydney & Melbourne.....	2 1/2
80 d/s. San Francisco & New York.....	48 1/2
4 m/s. Marks.....	204 1/2
4 m/s. France.....	2 1/2
6 m/s. do.....	2 1/2
Bank Silver, ready.....	26 19/16
Bank of England rate.....	4 1/2
Sovereigns.....	\$10.50
SUBSIDIARY COINS.	
Chinese.....	30 cts. pieces.....\$3.54 dts.
Obolons.....	10.....\$3.81
Hongkong.....	20.....\$6.45
Hongkong.....	10.....\$6.78

## PEAK TRAMWAYS CO. LIMITED.

## TIME TABLE.

## WEEK DAYS.

7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 min.	10 min.
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m.	10 min.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m.	10 min.
11.00 a.m. to 12.45 p.m.	15 min.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m.	10 min.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m.	10 min.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m.	10 min.
2.15 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.	15 min.
5.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m.	10 min.
8.10 p.m. to 8.45 p.m.	10 min.
8.45 p.m. to 9.45 p.m.	10 min.
9.45 p.m. to 11.30 p.m. every 15 minutes.	

## SUNDAYS.

7.30 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. every 15 min.	10 min.
8.00 a.m. to 10.30 a.m.	10 min.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m.	10 min.
11.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon	15 min.
12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m.	10 min.
1.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.	15 min.
5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m.	10 min.
6.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m.	10 min.
7.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m.	10 min.
NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.	
Extra Cars at 11.45 p.m.	

## SATURDAYS.

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## Banks

<b>HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION</b>	
<b>PAYMENT CAPITAL.....</b>	<b>\$1,000,000</b>
<b>RESERVE FUND.....</b>	<b>\$1,000,000</b>
Dividend.....	10,000,000
<b>RESERVE LIABILITY OF THE</b>	<b>\$1,000,000</b>
<b>PAYMENTS.....</b>	<b>\$1,000,000</b>

<b>COUNCIL OF DIRECTORS</b>	
G. W. Mallard, Esq., Chairman	
E. Robinson, Esq., Deputy Chairman	
F. H. Armstrong, Esq.	G. S. Gubbay, Esq.
W. L. Patterson	F. Lieb, Esq.
Andrew Forbes, Esq.	Hon. Mr. C. H. Ross
G. Fieldland, Esq.	M. A. Sison, Esq.
G. R. Laurens, Esq.	

<b>CHIEF MANAGERS:</b>	
Hongkong - <b>M. J. STARR.</b>	
<b>MANAGER:</b>	
Shanghai - <b>H. R. HUNTER.</b>	

**LONDON BRANCHES - LONDON COUNTY AND WESTCHESTER BANK LIMITED.**

**HONGKONG - LITMAYEN ALLOWED.**  
 On Current Accounts at the rate of 1/2 per Cent.  
 per Annum on the daily balances.

**OF FIXED DEPOSITS:**  
 For 12 months, 5 1/2 per Cent. per Annum.  
 For 6 months, 5 per Cent. per Annum.  
 For 3 months, 4 1/2 per Cent. per Annum.

**M. J. STARR, Chief Manager.**

**HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.**

**THE Business of the above Bank**  
 is conducted by the **HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION**. Rules may be obtained



## CANTON'S LATE VICEROY.

Views on the Situation.

A representative of the "Japan Times" recently interviewed Chang Ming-chi, ex-Viceroy of Canton, now in Kyoto, on the situation in China.

Asked whether he was in favour of republicanism or a constitutional monarchy, he replied that the salvation of China was all what he was most anxious about, for, he said, the country was perishing. Whether China can be saved by establishing a republic or by preserving the monarchy is a great question, but he was of opinion that Constitutional monarchy was best adapted to China, the reason being that the preservation of China's territorial integrity and concentration of power can only be realized under a monarchical regime.

The spread of revolutionary spirit in China is quite natural, he said, because the maladministration of the Peking Government, resulting in the wide-spread suffering of the people, has unfortunately called forth anti-Government feeling. But he thought that a more wary argument was of little avail to appease popular discontent. No attempt to suppress the revolutionary spirit among the people and to consolidate the constitutional monarchy would be possible without first effecting administrative reforms on the part of the Government.

Before the outbreak of the revolution in Wuhan, having this conviction, he memorialized the Throne to set up a responsible Cabinet, to exclude the Imperial Princes from the Cabinet, and to postpone all the Government works of minor importance. The revolutionary spirit of the Hans is attributed to political and economic reasons; the first being the demand for remedying political grievances, and the other to improve the economic conditions of the country. But, unfortunately, the revolution broke out in Wuhan before he could get an answer from the Throne.

Immediately after the Wuhan uprising, he again petitioned the Throne as before, adding that the Emperor should issue a decree humiliating in nature and granting an early convening of a national Parliament to pacify the people. To this again the Emperor failed to make a response.

Disappointed as he was, he thought that he would at least make an ideal administration within his own jurisdiction, and preserve peace and order in that corner of Canton province. He then issued a proclamation relieving the people of heavy taxes and making the Provincial Assembly pass many bills to save the people from poverty and sickness. This he did with the vain hope of suppressing indirectly the spread of revolutionary ideas and in support of the constitutional monarchy. But the people of Canton would not agree with his principles, and declared for independence on October 29.

He then urged the people that, as there were more pirates and bandits in the Province of Canton than in other provinces, the measure would lead to serious disorder, and the lives and property of the peaceful inhabitants would be at stake. Therefore, they had better agree with him in political ideas to avoid danger. This the people agreed to, and the troops under his command obeyed his order, and declaration of independence was withdrawn.

But alas! affairs in the other provinces underwent a change, independence was declared by various provinces. The people became active again in their request for independence. The Navy and Army united in support of the people. All hope was gone. Independence was declared again November 8, and he left Canton in despair.

Having been convinced of the impossibility of saving the coun-

try by his political ideas, he said that he came to Japan to engage in the study of political science that he might some day be of service to his own country when peace is reestablished.

As to the political mission that he was alleged to have in connection with Chien Chun-hsuen and Yang Yan-wei, he denied the truth of the rumour and said he was connected with no political movement. Of course he exchanged visits with Ling Kuei-chao at Kobo, but it was only the exchange of courtesies between old friends.

He told the representative of the "Japan Times" that he will probably come to Tokyo when the Imperial Diet is in session, and hoped that he will have a chance to see some of the able Japanese statesmen and talk with them on various topics of importance.

## FOR PHOTOGRAPHERS.

STILL TIME TO ENTER THIS MONTH.

An Interesting Announcement.

The final coupon for use in the January photographic competition, and pictures with that, or any other coupon attached, may be sent to the "Telegraph" office any time to-morrow.

The names and addresses of the prize winners will be announced in Saturday's issue.

The competition will be continued during February, and in to-morrow's issue will appear the rules of competition, hints to competitors, and an announcement broadening the scope of the competition. In deference to the wishes of would-be competitors, it has been decided to make the competition more comprehensive and thus more interesting.

Get to-morrow's issue and read the announcement made there.

## Photographic Competition Coupon.

Jan. 30, 1912.

I agree to enter the photographic competition on the express understanding that the editor's decision shall be final, and that he may, at his discretion, use the print sent herewith either in the "Hongkong Telegraph" or the "Weekly Telegraph."

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